H. Q. Mitchell Marileni Malkogianni STUDENT'S BOOK



# SINGIF





# **Contents**

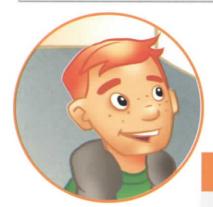
Communication Objectives	Structures	Vocabulary	Cross-curricular Connections	21st Century Competencies	
Module 1 • People	p. 5				
about personal details - to talk about people's routines - to name some occupations - to talk about past events - to talk about holiday activities		Words related to occupations Adjectives Words related to holiday Verbs Nouns Phonics: /aɪ/ climb, hiking, wild, island /i/ camping, swim, animals	Social Studies (asking for and giving personal details, identifying and describing occupations, reading about Ernest Hemingway - WB) PE (reading about physical activities on holiday) English (writing an article about a famous person) Art (Walt Disney)		
Module 2 • Explo	ring p. 15				
- to talk about ability in the past - to talk about the past - to talk about actions that were happening in the past and were interrupted by other actions in the past - to learn about an explorer's life  The verb could  Past Progressive  Past Simple - Past Progressive  Time clause (when)  Numbers (100-1,000)		Actions Verbs Nouns Exploration Phonics: /aɪ/ fight, dive, fly, type /eɪ/ sail, play, paint	Music (song about what two people could or couldn't do in the past) Social Studies (learning about famous explorers like Captain James Cook, Magellan and Christopher Columbus - WB, learning to protect the environment by saving forests) English (making an advertisement, writing a personal story)	Value By working together we can achieve more.	
Module 3 • Try he	ard p. 25				
<ul> <li>to make comparisons</li> <li>to describe something or someone using adverbs</li> <li>to talk about sports and sports events</li> <li>to talk about units of measurement and time</li> <li>to talk about talents and abilities</li> </ul> Comparative forms <ul> <li>Superlative forms</li> <li>Adverbs of manner</li> <li>Comparison of adverbs</li> </ul>		Nouns Verbs Adverbs of manner Water sports Features of nature Units of measurement and time Phonics: /A/ underground, ugly, bungee jumping, cup, luck /u:/, scuba diving, student	Social Studies (reading about Olympic sports and Olympic Games) English (reading and writing about a famous sports event and famous Olympic swimmers - WB) PE (reading and talking about water sports) Science (listening about whale sharks)	% ♥ ⊕ E) & M	
Module 4 • Up hi	gh p. 35				
- to talk about birds - to give information about someone or something avoiding repetition - to identify and describe occupations - to talk about an invention	Relative pronouns: who, which, that	Nouns Verbs Adverb Occupations Adjectives Food Cookware The myth about Icarus Phonics:	Science (learning about different kinds of birds) Social Studies (describing occupations, reading about the Frisbee® invention and reading the myth about Icarus, reading about the history of clocks - WB)	% 9 AM	
		/e/ air, hair, chair /ou/ hole, home, cold	Art (making a film suggestion, writing an e-mail to a friend suggesting a film)	Value Listen to other people's advice.	

Communication Objectives	Structures	Vocabulary	Cross-curricular Connections	21st Century Competencies	
Module 9 • Looki	ng ahead p. 85				
- to talk about New Year's Resolutions - to talk about an amusement park - to talk about smart gadgets - to express purpose and make suggestions  Full infinitive Infinitive Why don't? / How about? / Let's		Phrases Nouns Verb Words related to an amusement park Phonics: /əu/ nose, globe, roller coaster, home /u/ foot, woman, look, cook	Music (song about New Year's Resolutions) Social Studies (reading about New Year's Resolutions and making decisions, reading information on posters, reading about rides at an amusement park and the computer game, the Sims and Second Life® - WB, reading about the Museum of Science and Industry - WB) Science (learning about smart gadgets) English (writing an advertisement about a gadget)		
Module 10 • Don'	't panic! p. 95				
- to talk about sports and sports equipment - to report commands and requests - to describe natural disasters	requipment (affirmative / negative) requests of describe natural requests		PE (talking about sports and sports equipment) Social Studies (reading about how to act in an emergency) Science (reading about patural disasters)	24 0 MM	

## CLIL p.105 / Grammar Reference p.110 / Word list p.118 / Irregular Verbs p.120

canoeing, student,

magazine, parasailing



- to discuss

what to do

emergencies and

# Mark

# 21ST CENTURY COMPETENCIES

(reading about natural disasters;

reading about the eruption of

Vesuvius - WB)

(making a volcano)

Art

earthquakes, typhoons, volcanoes,



→ intercultural awareness



→ critical thinking



→ autonomous learning



→ communication



→ cooperation



→ creativity



→ personal and social responsibility



→ ICT literacy



Value

items.

Protect historical

Fay

Communication Objectives	Structures	Vocabulary	Cross-curricular Connections	21st Century Competencies	
Module 5 • It's n	atural p. 45			75115	
- to talk about plants - to talk about quantity - to talk about bees - to talk about endangered species - to talk about environmental issues	much / many / a lot of / lots of / a few / a little  How much?  How many?  Both / Neither	Words related to plants Verbs Words related to bees Words related to animals Measurement Adjectives Words related to the world around us Food Phonics: /^/ honey, discover, come /a:/ spotted, body, hot dog	Music (song about a greenhouse) Science (talking about plants, beekeepers and endangered species, protecting the environment, reading and listening about the Iberian Lynx and reading about the Giant Panda - WB) Art (planting your initials) Home Science (describing a recipe) Computer Studies (looking up information on the Internet about endangered species)		
Module 6 • One	and all p. 55			<b>以及</b> 实生表示	
- to talk about a performance - to talk about competitions and talent shows - to talk about TV shows - to tell the time	Compounds of some / any / no / every	Nouns Words related to theatre Words related to competition Phonics: /g/ TV guide, good, girl /dz/ stage, giraffe geography	Art (reading about a school theatre performance and taking part in competitions and talent shows)  English (making a TV guide page)  Social Studies (reading about child actors - WB)	Value You can be a hero at any age.	
Module 7 • Let's	help p. 65			THE RES	
fundraiser - to make a request - to talk about possibility in the future  Future will  Future will  Adject Phonic /ts/ pil- /f/ wisl		Verbs Nouns Adjective Phonics: /ts/ pilots, robots /ʃ/ wish, fish /tʃ/ reach, charity	Music (song about a fundraiser) Social Studies (reading about a day care centre, Friendship Day, A-wish-come-true Foundation and UNICEF - WB) English (writing about a personal problem, asking for advice)		
Module 8 • Wha	t's up? p. 75				
<ul> <li>to talk about movement</li> <li>to give and follow directions</li> <li>to talk about manners</li> <li>to talk about hobbies</li> <li>to talk about likes and dislikes</li> </ul>	Prepositions of movement  Directions  The verb May  like / love / enjoy / hate + -ing form	Nouns Verbs Adjective Hobbies Places Phonics: /ɔ:/ horse /oʊ/ old, open, over, go	Social Studies (learning how to ask for and give directions, reading a map, reading about the importance of good manners and Madame Tussauds Wax Museum, reading about Legoland® - WB)  English (making an invitation card and a map)  Computer Studies (looking up information on the Internet about Proper Table Manners)		













Do a quiz

channel remote control TV guide

mechanic

information



Do the quiz. Then listen and check your answers.



# **GUESS WHO! GUESS WHAT!**



1. It's something that you use to change the channels on TV.

a. a remote control b. a TV guide

2. It's somebody who shows you when to cross the street when there are no traffic lights.

a. a police officer

b. a reporter

3. It's somebody who fixes cars.

a. a dentist

b. a mechanic

4. It's something that you use to send e-mails and look for information.

a. a TV

b. a computer

5. It's somebody who plays in films.

a. an actor

b. a director

6. It's something that is black and white. It's a musical instrument.

a. a penguin b. a piano

Is there anyone / anybody / anything in the car? Yes, there is someone / somebody / something in the car. No, there isn't anyone / anybody / anything in the car.

somebody = someone anybody = anyone













performance

Listen and answer. Who's going to sing at Bakersville Primary School? Then read.



Tonight there is a performance at Bakersville Primary school. The parents are excited. Vanessa Summer is going to sing! Everyone is clapping.



The music starts and everyone is quiet. They wait and wait but no one comes on stage. Something is wrong.

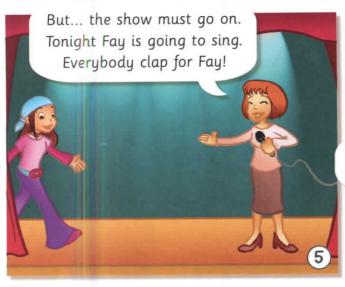


But wait. Someone is walking on the stage! It's the director, Mrs Black.



Everyone is upset and talking.







no one = nobody everyone = everybody

Nobody / No one is in the shop. My parents went home an hour ago.

Everybody / Everyone is at the party. Mary, John, Helen and all the other kids.



**NOTE:** not anyone = no one not anybody = nobody not anything = nothing

2 Read and c	omplete.
1	are excited.
2	is the director.
3	is ill.
4	can sing well, too.
Complete.	everybody nobody somebody anybody
1	likes Marcy. She's very popular at school.
	in the classroom. I looked.
	at the door. Can you open it, please?
4. Our teacher gav	ve new T-shirts and shorts to in the team!
5	knows Jill's address. How are we going to visit her?
6. Has	got a car? I have to go to the hospital.
stick figures	people talking about a performance. Choose a, b or c and then draw accordingly.
a 1	2
b	4.
5 Look at activ	ity 4. Say and guess.       Write a few sentences from activity 5.
Somebody's on stage.	Picture
b. 3  C. Look at activ  Somebody's	ity 4. Say and guess.  6 Write a few sentences from activity 5.



talent balance hide competition

Look at the heading and the pictures. What is Chris's talent?

Listen and check your answers.



# What a talent!

by Chris Johnson

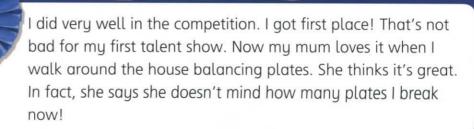
Last year I took part in a talent show at my school for all the students in year 6. At first, I didn't think I really had a talent for anything. Then my mum told me something that gave me a really good idea. I should balance plates on my head!



Let me explain my talent: When I was really young,
I liked balancing a plate on the top of my head and
I walked around the house while doing
it. I don't know why I liked doing this,

but I wasn't very good at it at first. There
were a lot of broken plates all over the place, and
my mum was always angry about it. She always hid the plates
somewhere around the house. I couldn't find them anywhere
for some time. Finally, I found them! Well, I kept practising and
I got pretty good. So when the talent show came up, the 'plate
act' was something I could do!





You need to find somewhere to put all these boxes.

I looked for my other shoe everywhere but I can't find it anywhere!

All the shops are closed. There is nowhere to go to buy a present for Paul.

69

NOTE: not anywhere = nowhere

Re	ad and	write	T	for	True	or	F	for	False.
----	--------	-------	---	-----	------	----	---	-----	--------

- Chris is in secondary school.
   Chris's mum gave her an idea for the talent show.
- 3. When Chris was younger, she broke lots of plates.
- 4. Chris never found the plates her mum hid.
- 5. Chris did well in the talent show.
- 6. Chris's mum still hides the plates somewhere around the house.

# Read the sentences and circle the correct words.

- 1. Did you hear that? There's **something / anything** in the garden!
- 2. The Smiths are on holiday. There is **anyone / no one** at home.
- 3. Sorry I can't come to the cinema. I have to go **somewhere / anywhere**.
- 4. I can't find my glasses everywhere / anywhere.
- 5. There was **somebody / anybody** in the car with Tim but I didn't see him.
- 6. I'm hungry, and I haven't got **anyone / anything** for lunch.

# O Look at the pictures and prompts and write sentences.



We / have / nowhere / park / car / .

2. Can / I / put / boxes / anywhere / ?



, and a supplied to



Would / like / anything / else / ?

4. There / be / nowhere / go /!

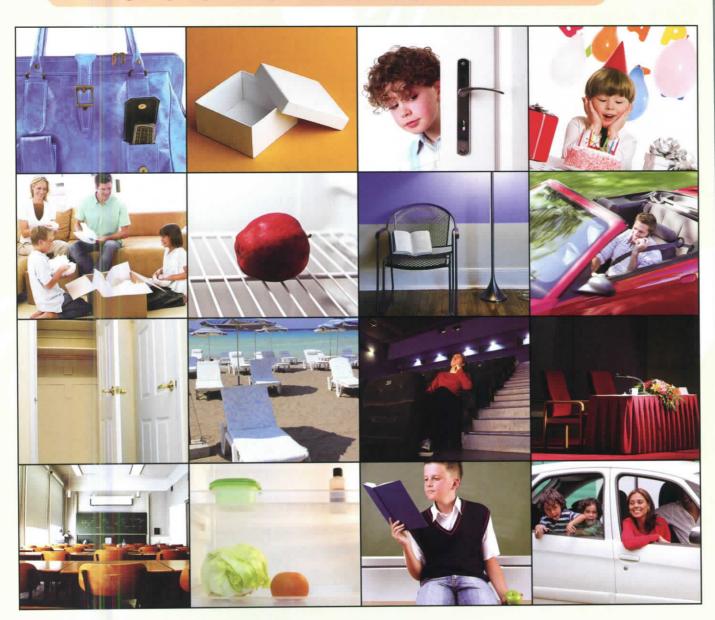




There's something in the bag.

Play. Use:

something anything nothing anybody nobody everybody somebody



# **PRONUNCIATION**

Listen and repeat. Then tick (🗸).



	TV <b>g</b> uide	sta <b>g</b> e	good	girl	<b>g</b> iraffe	<b>g</b> eography
/g/	V					
/d3/		V				

English

Listen and read. Then discuss.



There are many TV channels today and a lot of them have got programmes on 24 hours a day. So how do you know what's on TV?

There are magazines called TV guides that have information about TV programmes. TV guides are really easy to read. They tell you what time programmes start and what they are about. Some TV guides also have stars next to the programmes. These stars tell you how good a programme is.



Read the TV guide page.

Write the name of your TV station.

Write the time the programme starts.

Write something about the programme. Kids Fun Television

8:15 am **BREAKFAST CLUB** 

See your favourite cartoons.

\*\*\*

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10:30 am DOCUMENTARY TIME

See documentaries about wild animals and the environment.

12:00 pm CHILDREN'S NEWS

Learn news from around the world.

2:20 pm **COOL SONGS** 

> Listen to the new hits, and see interviews with famous singers.

5:45 pm **FILM:** ZOOTOPIA

A 2016 Disney animated film.

Write the name of the programme.

Give each programme stars.

# Writing tip

When you write the time, you always put a colon (:) between the hours and minutes.

8:15 12:00 3:30

am We use am when we refer to a time between twelve o'clock at night and twelve o'clock in the middle of the day.

pm We use pm when we refer to a time between twelve o'clock in the middle of the day and twelve o'clock at night.



Listen and answer. How did Grandfather Jack save the day? Then read.



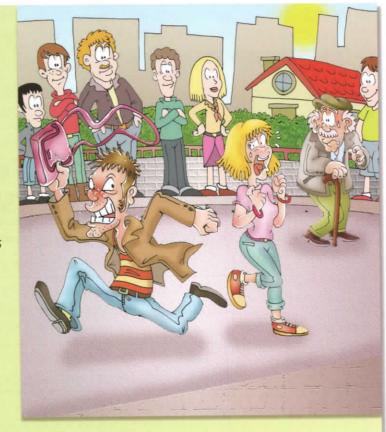
# **GRANDFATHER SAVES THE DAY**

It was a hot day and Grandfather Jack wanted a nice, cold drink. He checked the fridge but there was nothing in there. So he decided to go and buy one.

He was walking down High Street when he heard a woman shouting: 'Help! Help me! Someone took my bag!' Grandfather Jack turned around to see what was going on, and he saw a man running with the woman's bag in his hand. There were people everywhere, but nobody was doing anything.

They were just standing and looking. So, Grandfather Jack had no other choice. He ran and jumped on the man's back and they both fell down.

'Give me that bag!' he shouted. The man was really scared and he looked very surprised.



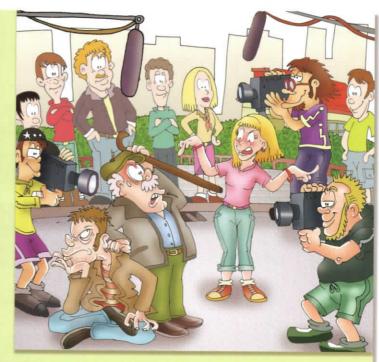


'What are you doing, old man?' said the woman. 'We're trying to make a film here and you are in our way!'

'Oops! I was just trying to help. I'm sorry,' Grandfather Jack said. Grandfather Jack got up and saw lots of actors and cameras. He felt really embarrassed.

Suddenly, a man who was sitting in a chair started shouting. He was very excited.

'That was great!' he said. He was the director and he really loved what Grandfather Jack did.





'I'm going to change the name of the film to GRANDFATHER SAVES THE DAY! I'm going to make you a star,' the director said.

Grandfather Jack looked confused. He didn't know what to say at first. 'I don't want to be a star!' he said. 'There's only one thing I would like right now.' 'What is that?' the director asked. 'We can get you anything you ask for. You're our new star.'

Grandfather Jack turned to the director and said, 'I just want a nice, cold drink! It's really hot today!' and he went to the shop.

VALUE

You can be a hero at any age.

# Read again and correct the sentences.

- 1. Grandfather Jack wanted a newspaper from the shop.
- 2. Somebody took the woman's umbrella.
- 3. Grandfather Jack ran and hit the man.
- 4. The man who was sitting in a chair was the author.
- 5. The name of the film is going to be GRANDFATHER SAVES THE WOMAN.
- 6. Grandfather wanted to be a star!

# Let's chat\_

Do you like films? What kind? What's your favourite film? Who's your favourite actor/actress?

# (Revision 6

# Listening

Listen and tick (🗸) the correct picture.



1. Where's the TV guide?





2. Who is at the door?





3. What did the woman buy?







# Speaking

Say with your partner.

something house fridge anyone someone bag shop nothing anything museum no one





Yes, there is someone in the house.